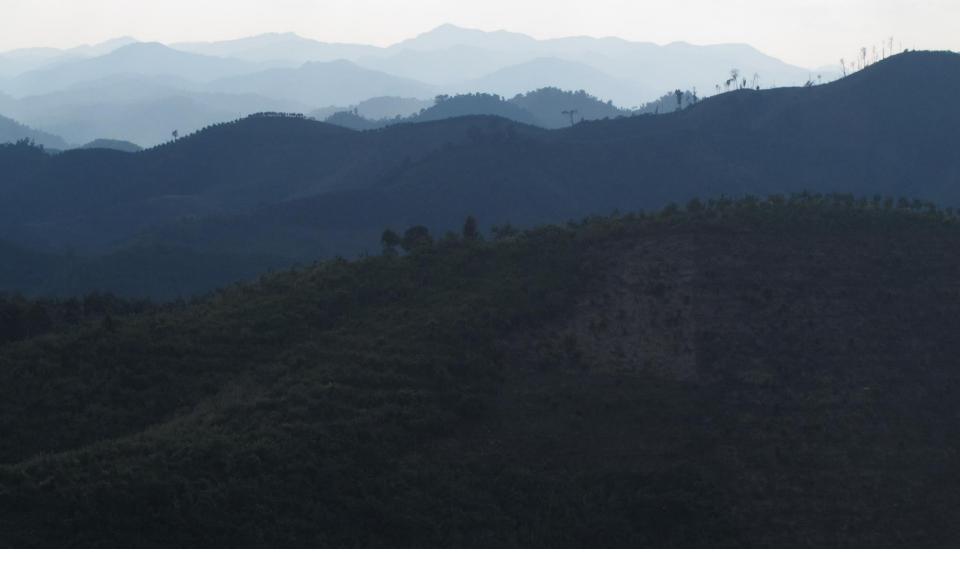




Mike Dwyer Forest Trends meeting, Phuket 23 July 2014



Who is (or was or will be) doing what, where? And how do we know? What should be the public's role in this process?

SPATIAL TRANSPARENCY

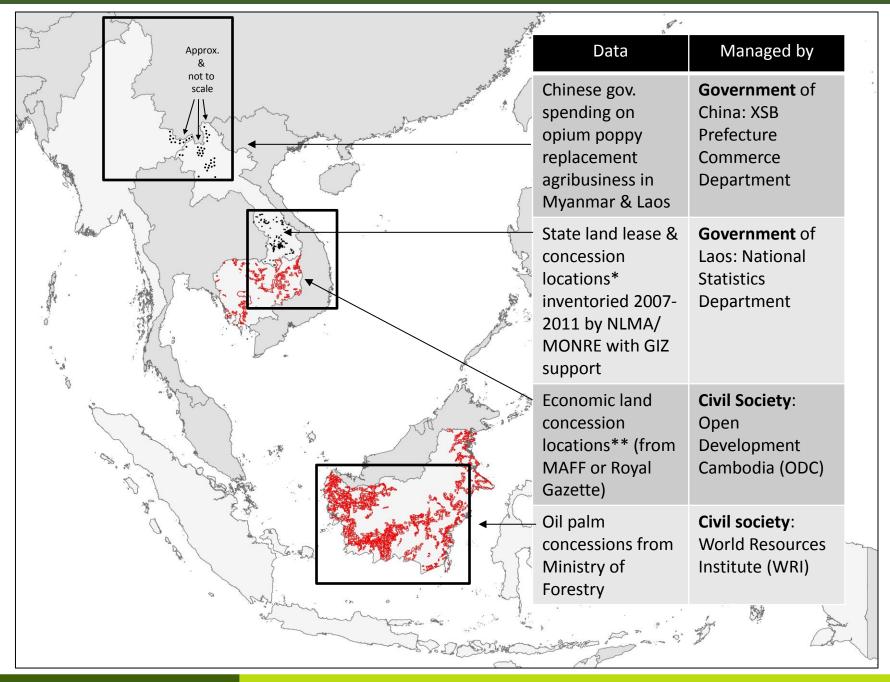
DISCLOSURE TO INVESTORS

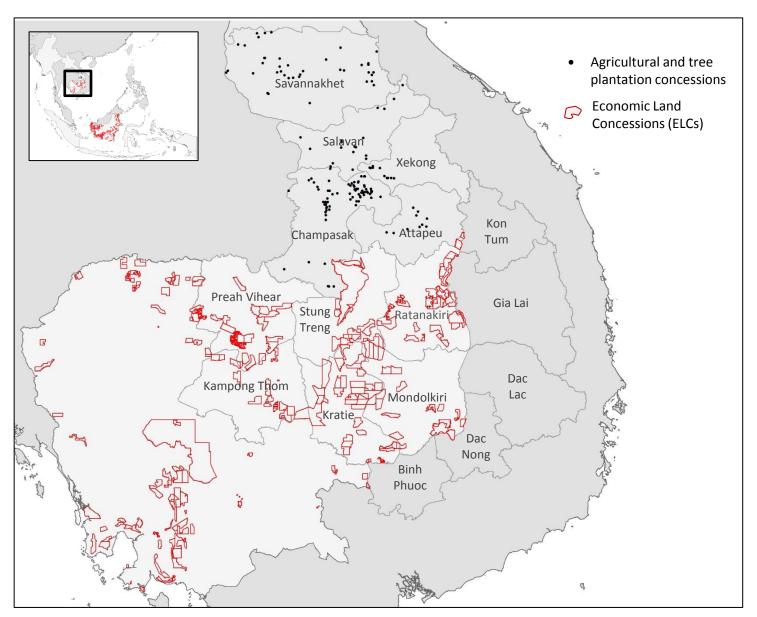
What data do **governments** give the **public** about who is investing in what, where?

What data do **companies** give their **investors** about where and how they are spending their money?

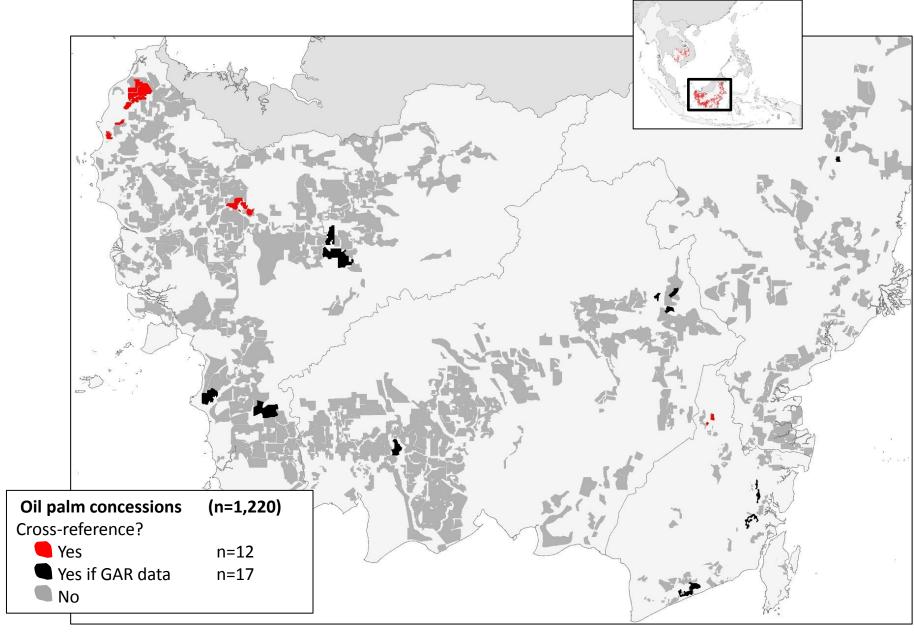
DISCLOSURE TO INVESTORS SPATIAL TRANSPARENCY What data do **governments** give What data do **companies** give their the **public** about who is investing **investors** about where and how in what, where? they are spending their money? Online spatial databases Public companies' annual Other online data with reports spatial reference Financial databases (e.g., Bloomberg, ThomsonOne) information

Is it possible to cross reference <u>concession inventory systems</u> (as reported online) with <u>companies annual reports</u>?

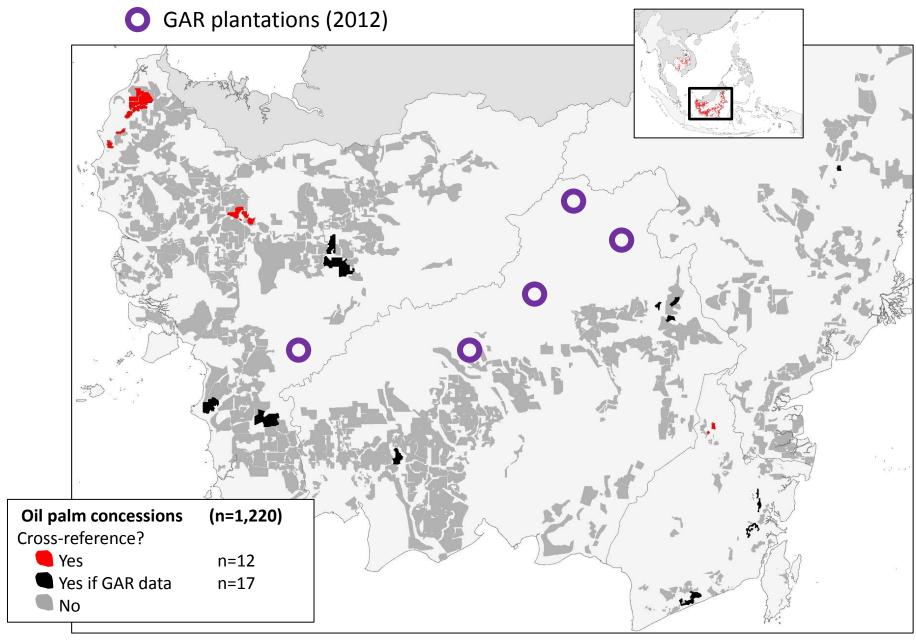




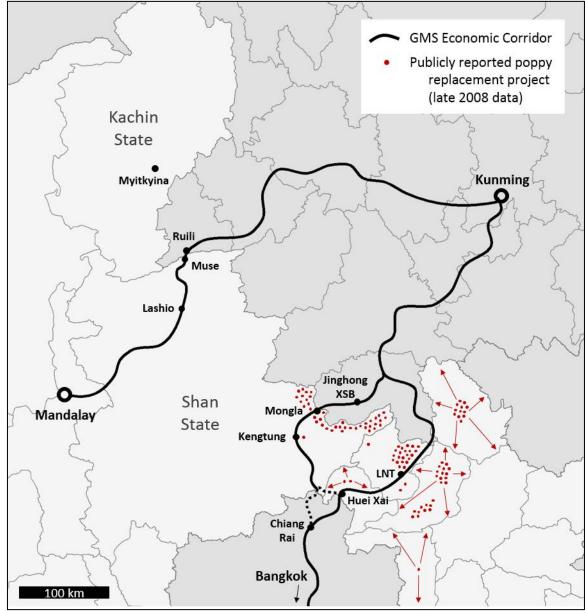
Based on data from Decide-Info Laos (http://decide.la) and OpenDevelopmentCambodia.net



Based on data from WRI Forest Cover Analyzer (now Global Forest Watch)







Based on data available at http://xsbn.mofcom.gov.cn/aarticle/gonggao/200809/20080905777443.html

Conclusions

• Investment/development is outpacing regulation: old data, partial data, subsidiaries. Information systems thus tend to reflect opaque systems of governance more than they offer transparency, whether materially or legally.

Conclusions

- Investment/development is outpacing regulation: old data, partial data, subsidiaries.
 Information systems thus tend to reflect opaque systems of governance more than they offer transparency, whether materially or legally.
- Information systems nonetheless offer significant forms of partial transparency, and thus represent an important area of engagement/struggle over the public's role in development.

Conclusions

- Investment/development is outpacing regulation: old data, partial data, subsidiaries.
 Information systems thus tend to reflect opaque systems of governance more than they offer transparency, whether materially or legally.
- Information systems nonetheless offer significant forms of partial transparency, and thus represent an important area of engagement/struggle over the public's role in development.
- Three concrete proposals
 - Clarify public's legal right to know about who, what, where, when.
 - Gazetting of public resource concessions?
 - Greater <u>spatial</u> disclosure to investors?